LIMAPS VALUE PROPOSITION

Legal Interoperability Maturity Assessment of a Public Service

What is LIMAPS?

Legal interoperability ensures that organisations operating under different legal frameworks, policies and strategies are able to work together.

- LIMAPS is an online self-assessment tool that allows public service owners to **evaluate the behavioral interoperability maturity** of their digital public services from **the legal interoperability viewpoint.**
- LIMAPS provides an **interoperability maturity score** combined with recommendations and good practices for improving the **overall legal behavioral interoperability** maturity of digital public services.

For whom is LIMAPS relevant?

- **Policy-makers |** to make informed refinements in the next policy cycle (evidence-aware policy making).
- **Public service owners |** to improve the overall legal interoperability and conformance of their digital public services.
- **Decision-makers |** to make informed decisions for the strategical priorities of each Public Administration and beyond.

▶ **Start your assessment** here

What is in for you?

- Ensures alignment of a digital public services with the standards of the **European Interoperability Framework (EIF).**
- LIMAPS provides **insight into the current interoperability maturity**, as well as guidance for the design of future digital public services.
- **LIMAPS** can be used for assessing the legal. **Interoperability of any digital public service** in the EU e.g. GDPR conformance, for trans-EU exchange like Criminal Record or Medical Record Information.

LIMAPS Conceptual Model

- The LIMAPS conceptual model describes all possible instances where **interoperability with the outside world may occur from the digital public service viewpoint.**
- It distinguishes between **the internal domain** (the internal service management) and the **external domain** (the digital public service uses/consumes existing services and exposes the produced service to thirds).
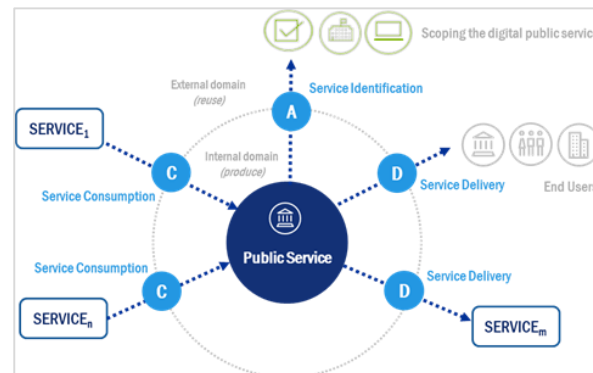
Digital Public Service Components

The LIMAPS assessment captures three different service areas:

- **Service Identification:** scopes the digital public service e.g. service outcome, service owner, administrative level, etc.
- **Service Delivery:** looks at legal barriers to interoperability for the delivery of the digital public service to its end users or other services e.g., GDPR aspects, legal agreements, etc.
- **Service Consumption:** focuses on legal barriers to interoperability for the consumption of the digital public service from other services e.g. legislation on data consumption and processing etc.