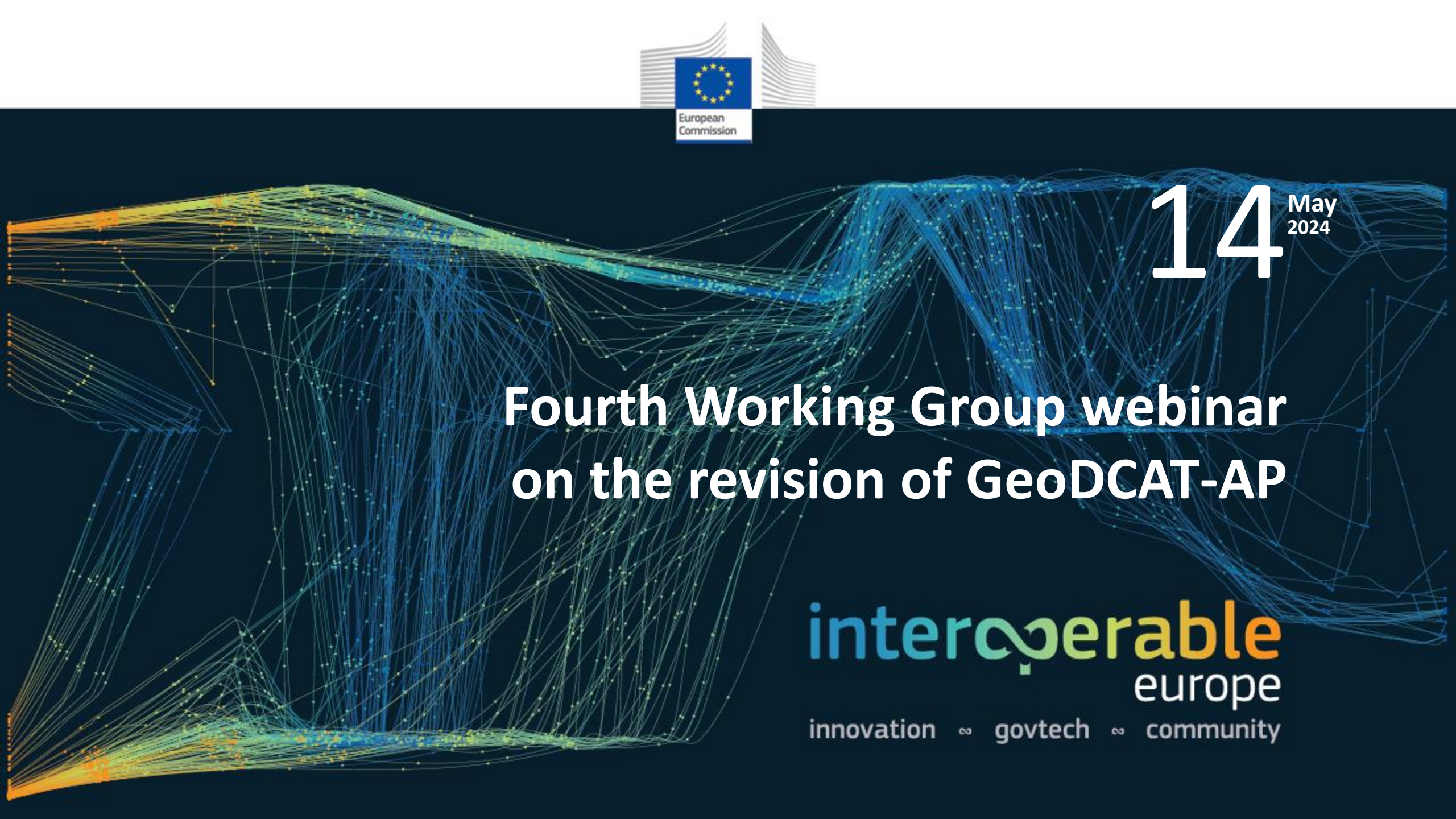

European Commission
14 May 2024
Fourth Working Group webinar on the revision of GeoDCAT-AP
interoperable europe
innovation ∞ govtech ∞ community

Agenda

01 **Introduction**

02 **GeoDCAT-AP issues**

03 **Codelists**

04 **HVD, GeoDCAT-AP XSLT**

05 **Next steps**

Workshop practicalities

Audio

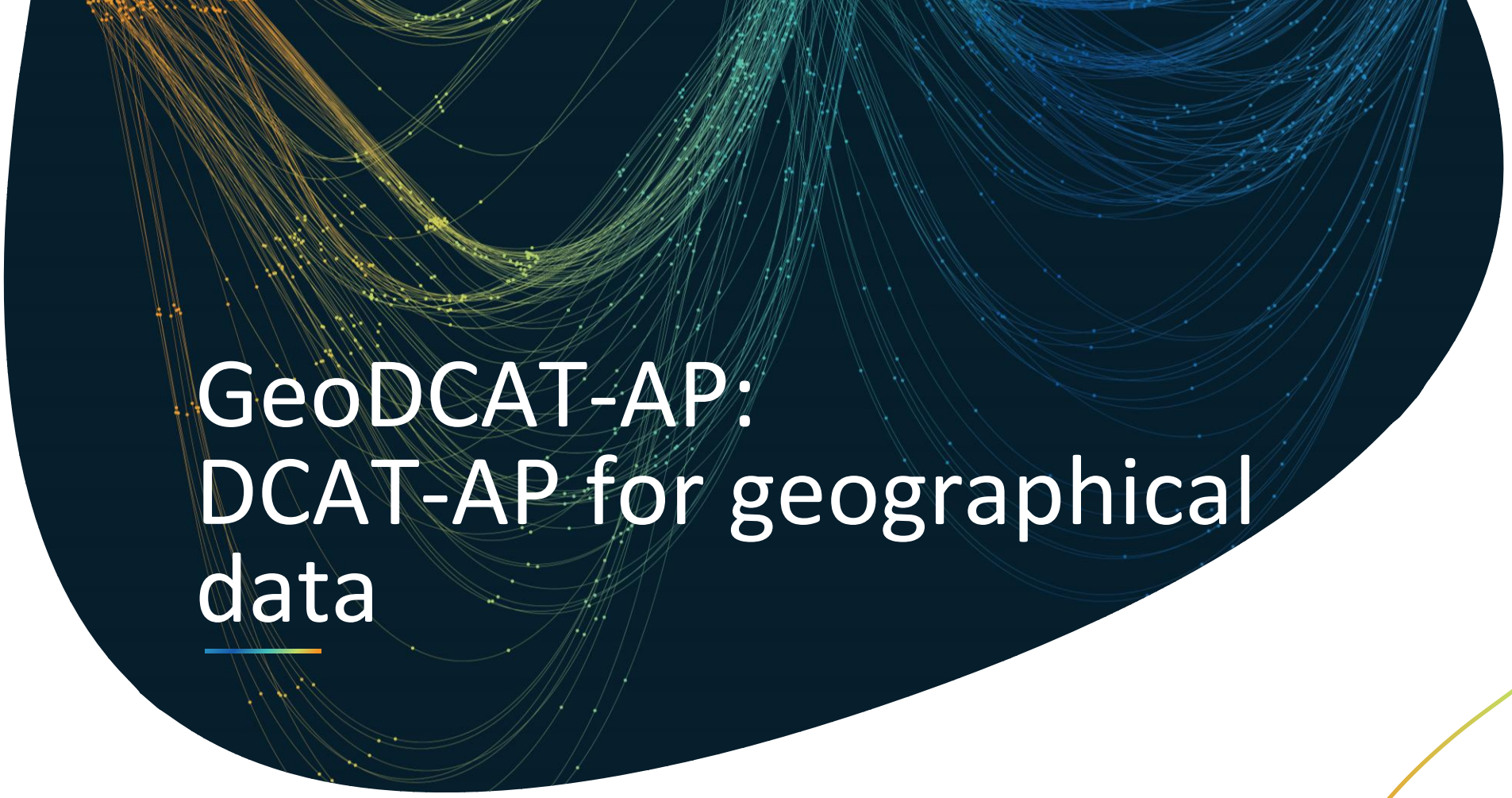
Click on ‘connect audio’ but please mute your microphones

Chat

You can also share your questions for the Q&A session via the chat

Recording

The workshop will be recorded

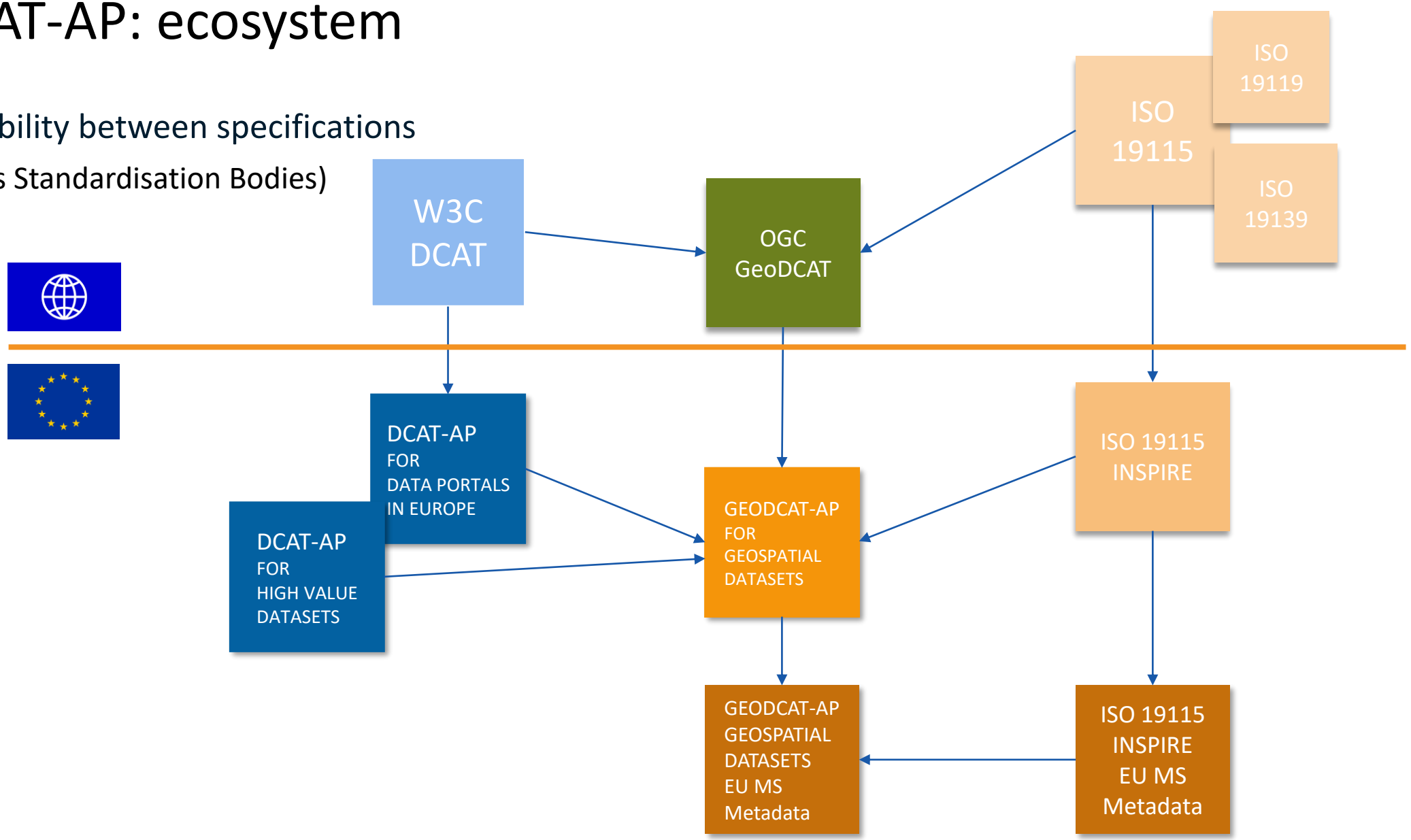


GeoDCAT-AP: DCAT-AP for geographical data

GeoDCAT-AP: ecosystem

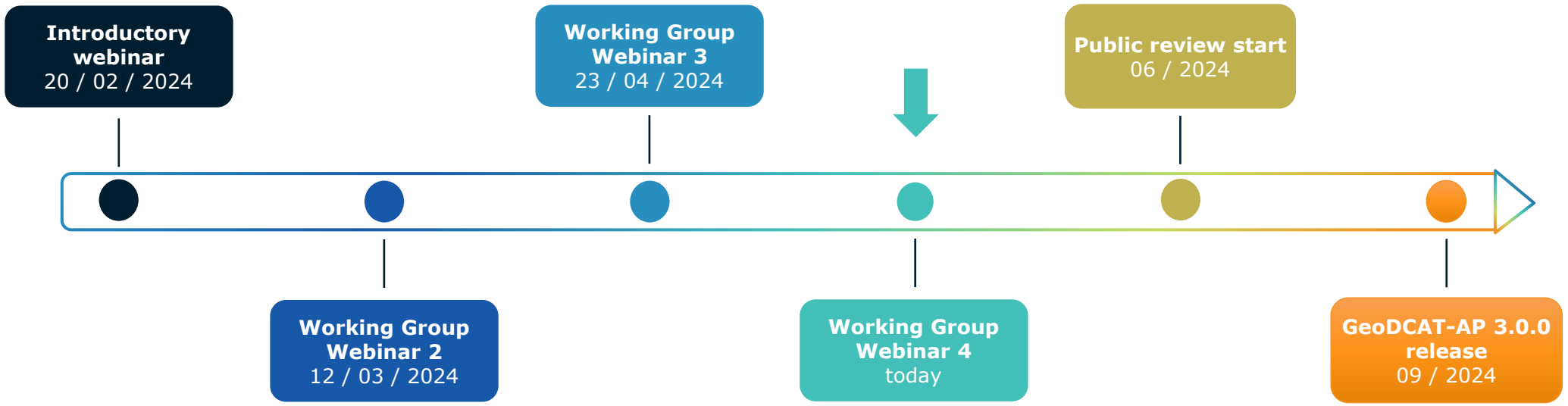
Interoperability between specifications

(even across Standardisation Bodies)



GeoDCAT-AP 3.0.0 revision plan

GeoDCAT-AP Timeline



GeoDCAT-AP 3.0.0: revision plan

Revision on-going in https://github.com/SEMICeu/GeoDCAT-AP/issues

Working Group Webinar 2 - Concerning generic organisation & findability (12/03/2024)

- Datasets, Distributions and their relationships
- Categories (alignment with DCAT-AP 3.0): keywords, categories, themes

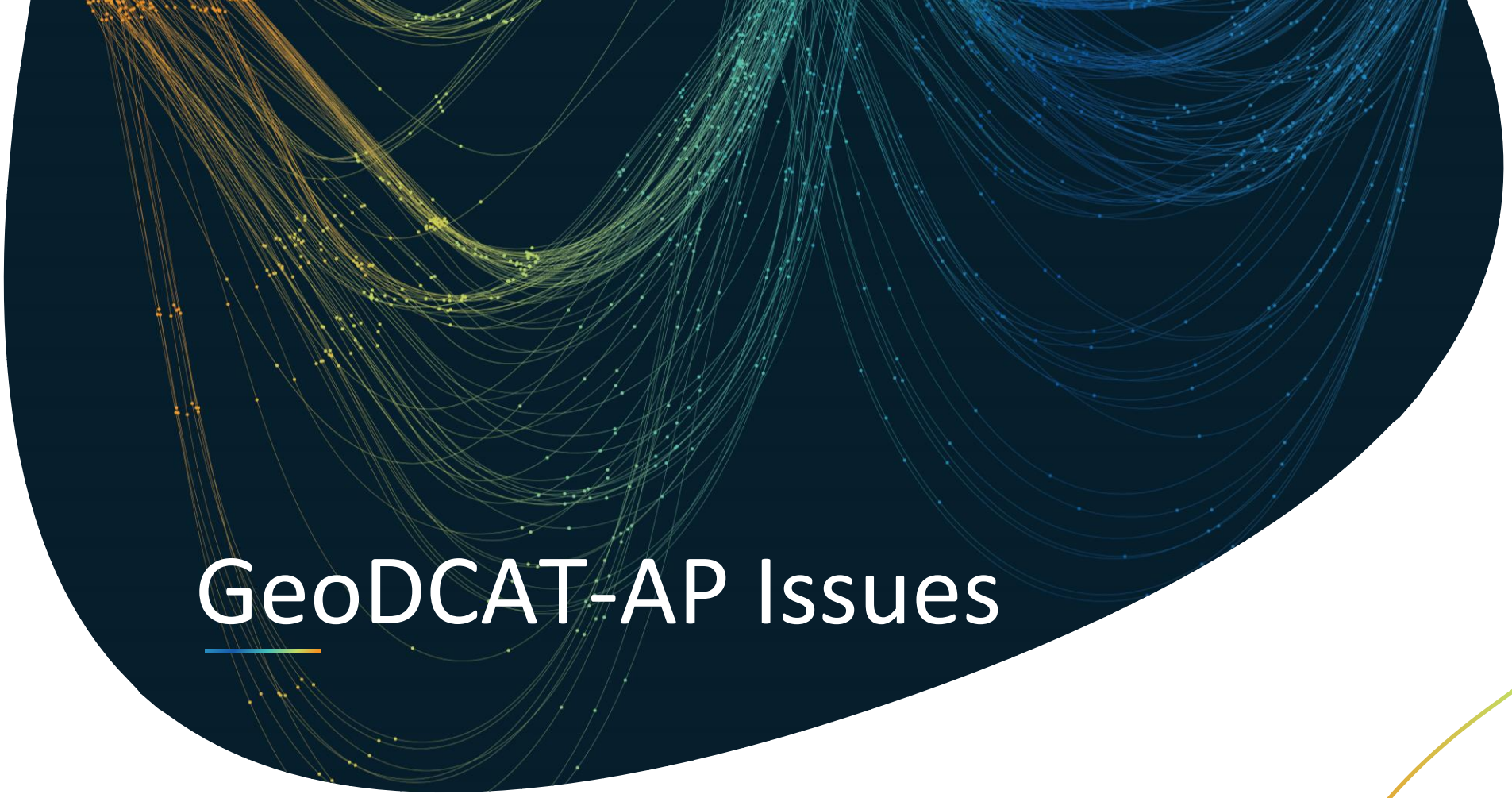
Working Group Webinar 3 – specific geo-aspects (23/04/2024)

- Geospatial coverage & resolution
- Guest speakers on existing implementation of GeoDCAT-AP

Working Group Webinar 4 – relationship with INSPIRE (today)

- Discussion on Codelists
- HVD and remaining issues
- GeoDCAT-AP related tools: XSLT

We are interested in which issues you are facing and we encourage you to post them as issues on the GeoDCAT-AP GitHub repository.

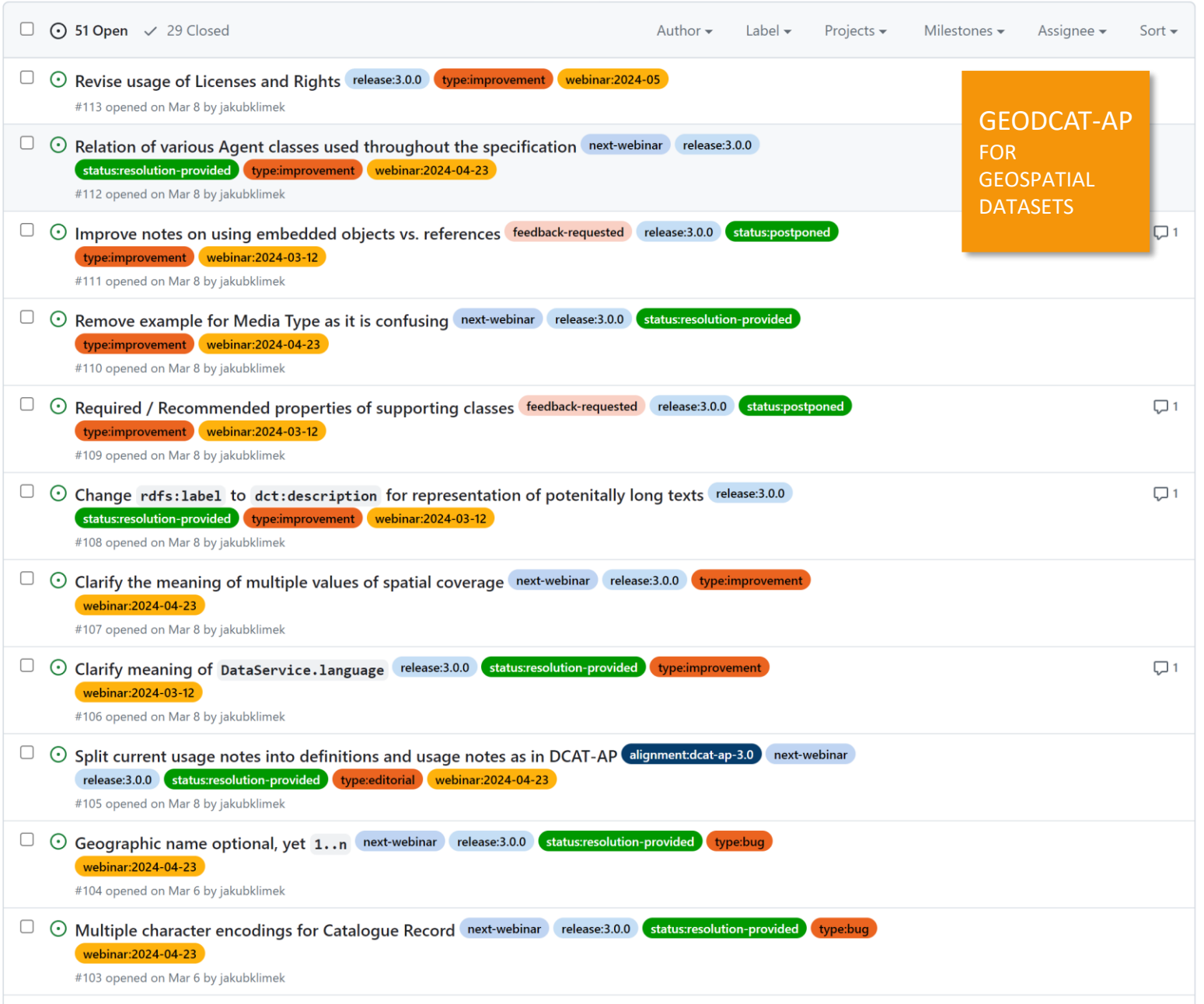


GeoDCAT-AP Issues

Currently 59 issues

- 34x applied in new draft
- 4x resolution provided
- 4x to be discussed today
- 2x closed (no feedback)
- 9x implementation evidence
- 3x postponed beyond 3.0.0

- 3x editorial



https://github.com/SEMICeu/GeoDCAT-AP/issues

Distributor agent role (#81)

Description

Some of the GeoDCAT-AP agent roles may not make sense for all DCAT entities:
Dataset, Dataset Series, Data Service, Distribution.

In Flanders, *distributor* on ISO “dataset” scope code is mapped to `geodcatap:distributor` of `dcat:Distribution` instead of `dcat:Dataset`.

§ 4.12.3 Optional properties for Dataset

Property	URI	Range	Usage note	Card.
+custodian	geodcat:custodian	foaf:Agent	Party that accepts accountability and responsibility for the data and ensures appropriate care and maintenance of the resource [ISO-19115].	0..n
+distributor	geodcat:distributor	foaf:Agent	Party who distributes the resource [ISO-19115].	0..n
+originator	geodcat:originator	foaf:Agent	Party who created the resource [ISO-19115].	0..n
+principal investigator	geodcat:principalInvestigator	foaf:Agent	Key party responsible for gathering information and conducting research [ISO-19115].	0..n
+processor	geodcat:processor	foaf:Agent	Party who has processed the data in a manner such that the resource has been modified [ISO-19115].	0..n
+resource provider	geodcat:resourceProvider	foaf:Agent	Party that supplies the resource [ISO-19115].	0..n
+user	geodcat:user	foaf:Agent	Party who uses the resource [ISO-19115].	0..n

Proposition

1. Clarify meaning of the distributor role on `dcat:Dataset`, or
2. Move the distributor from `dcat:Dataset` to `dcat:Distribution`, i.e.
    1. Remove distributor from `dcat:Dataset`, and
    2. Map distributor on Datasets always to corresponding `dcat:Distribution`.

```
<> a dcat:Dataset ;
    geodcatap:distributor <#distributor> ;
    dcat:distribution <#distribution> .

<#distribution> a dcat:Distribution .
```

?

```
<> a dcat:Dataset ;
    dcat:distribution <#distribution> .

<#distribution> a dcat:Distribution;
    geodcatap:distributor <#distributor> .
```

Revise usage of Licenses and AccessRights – HVD context (#113)

Description

GeoDCAT-AP 2.0.0 allows users to express a license document as a text.
This is **not allowed** in the context of HVDs.

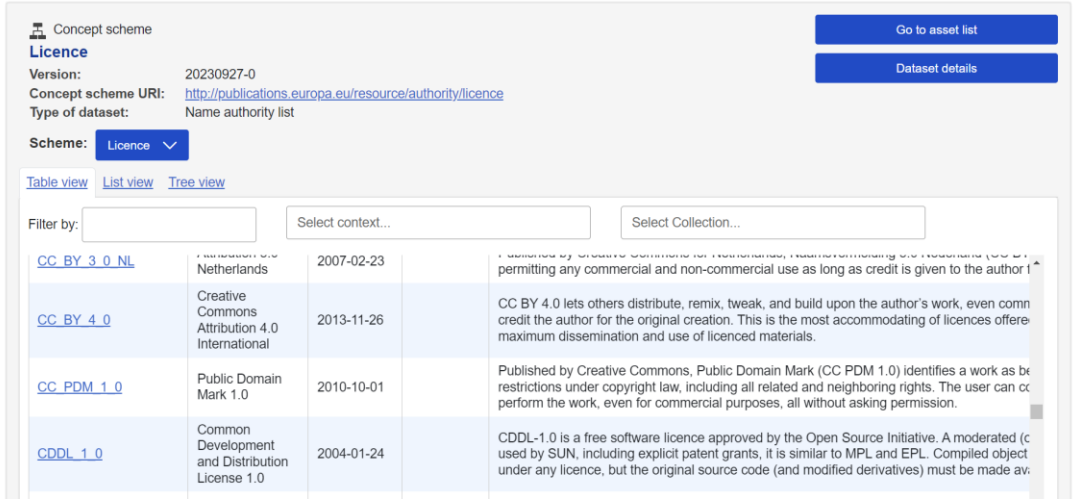
In HVDs, licences need to be structured and machine readable, i.e. identified by a dereferenceable URL, preferably from the Licence EU NAL or mapped to it.

Even besides HVDs, license documents should be properly structured documents, published somewhere, where they have a URL.
Therefore, a representation of a license document using a simple literal does not seem to be sufficient.

```
# Should be like this:
[] dct:license <http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/licence/CC_BY_4_0> .
```

Examples of usage in the GeoDCAT-AP 2.0.0 seem more like Rights statements than actual Licences:

```
[] dct:license [ a dct:LicenseDocument ;
    rdfs:label """
        The dataset contains parts which are restricted
        by the data providers and not to be made public.
        For further information and specification regarding
        the use limitations and constraints please consult
        the file WISE_WFD_ReferenceSpatialDataSets_2020-04-02.pdf
        which is provided together with the data.
    """@en ] ;
```



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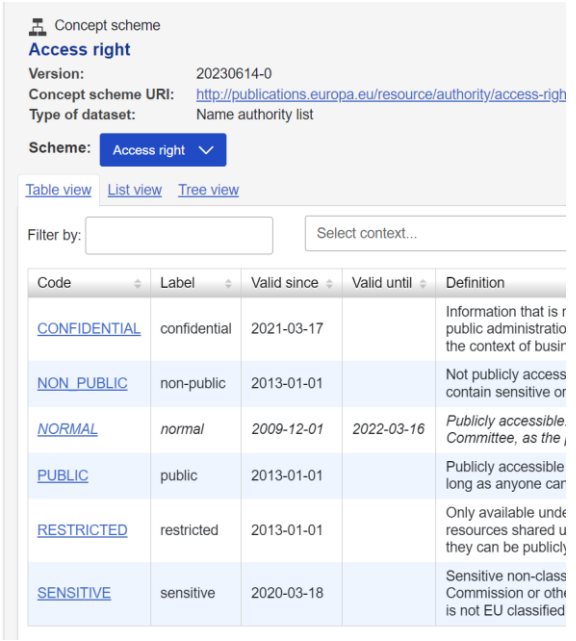
Therefore, a representation of a license document using a simple literal does not seem to be sufficient.

Example 41 uses `dct:accessRights` without the code list that should be used to represent Access rights in DCAT-AP.
This seems incorrect and again is a more an example of `dct:rights`:

```
[] dct:accessRights [ a dct:RightsStatement ;
    rdfs:label """
        public access limited according to Article 13(1)(b)
of the INSPIRE Directive
      """@en ]
                                # In DCAT-AP, codelist value is required:
```




```
# According to DCAT-AP 3.0, it should be using a codelist value like this:
[] dct:accessRights <http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/access-right/PUBLIC> .

# If free-text, then it should be using dct:rights like this:
[] dct:rights [ a dct:RightsStatement ;
    dct:description """
        public access limited according to Article 13(1)(b)
  of the INSPIRE Directive
      """@en ]
```

Revise usage of Licenses and AccessRights – HVD context (#113)

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This is **not allowed** in the context of HVDs.

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```
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    rdfs:label """
        The dataset contains parts which are restricted
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        For further information and specification regarding
        the use limitations and constraints please consult
        the file WISE_WFD_ReferenceSpatialDataSets_2020-04-02.pdf
        which is provided together with the data.
      """@en ] ;
```

Example 41 uses `dct:accessRights` without the code list that should be used to represent Access rights in DCAT-AP.
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```
[] dct:accessRights [ a dct:RightsStatement ;
    rdfs:label """
        public access limited according to Article 13(1)(b)
  of the INSPIRE Directive
      """@en ]
```

Proposition

1. Remove licence as text and allow licence usage only with licence IRIs, and
2. Change mappings of non-IRI accessRights statements to `dct:RightsStatements` using `dct:rights`.

Relax *rights* max cardinality (#82)

Description

In INSPIRE metadata, rights are expressed as multiple textual statements.

In DCAT-AP & GeoDCAT-AP, rights (on Catalogue and Distribution) have cardinality 0..1

Catalogue:

rights	dct:rights	dct:RightsStatement	This property refers to a statement that specifies rights associated with the Catalogue.	0..1

Distribution:

rights	dct:rights	dct:RightsStatement	This property refers to a statement that specifies rights associated with the Distribution.	0..1

Proposition

1. Relax rights max cardinality in both GeoDCAT-AP and DCAT-AP
2. In INSPIRE => GeoDCAT-AP mapping, merge multiple rights statements into one

Relation of spatial resolution on Dataset, Distribution and Data Service (#100)

Description

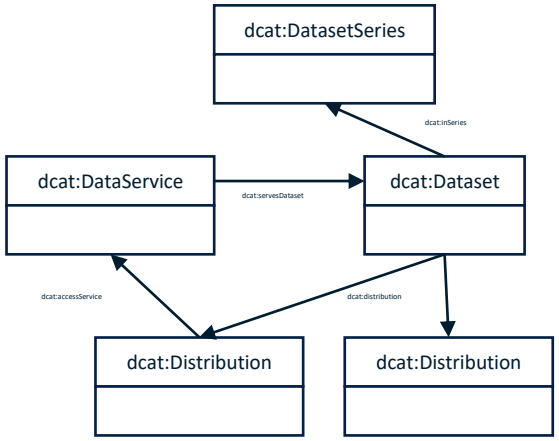
Spatial resolution – optional property on Dataset, Distribution, Data Service.

What are the relations of spatial resolution specifications on these classes?

+spatial resolution	dqv:hasQualityMeasurement	dqv:QualityMeasurement	Refers to the performed quality measurements. In GeoDCAT-AP, this property is used to specify "spatial resolution", as defined in [INSPIRE-MD-REG], [ISO-19115], and [ISO-19115-1].	0..n

Proposition

1. For Distribution, spatial resolution [0..1] represents the spatial resolution of the described file.
2. For Data Service – spatial resolution [0..n] describes the capabilities of the data service, i.e. in which spatial resolutions it can serve data.
3. For Dataset – spatial resolution [0..1] describes the spatial resolution the data is managed in in the dataset, i.e. regardless of how it is distributed using distributions.
4. For Dataset Series – unclear what spatial resolution of a dataset series means.



Resolved issues

Resolved issues

webinar:2024-05-14

status:resolution-provided

1. CRS support in GeoJSON (#6)
2. Required / Recommended properties of supporting classes (#109)

https://github.com/SEMICeu/GeoDCAT-AP/issues

Closed issues

status:wont-fix

1. Support 1-to-many mappings for responsible party roles (#39)
2. Relationships between GeoDCAT-AP and DCTERMS agent roles (#57)

https://github.com/SEMICeu/GeoDCAT-AP/issues

Break

Codelists

Codelist Qualifier

Problem statement

Establishing a common ***interpretation*** for the sentence:

> *"The property **MUST** use as range values codes from {codelist}* which are transferred from one specification to another."

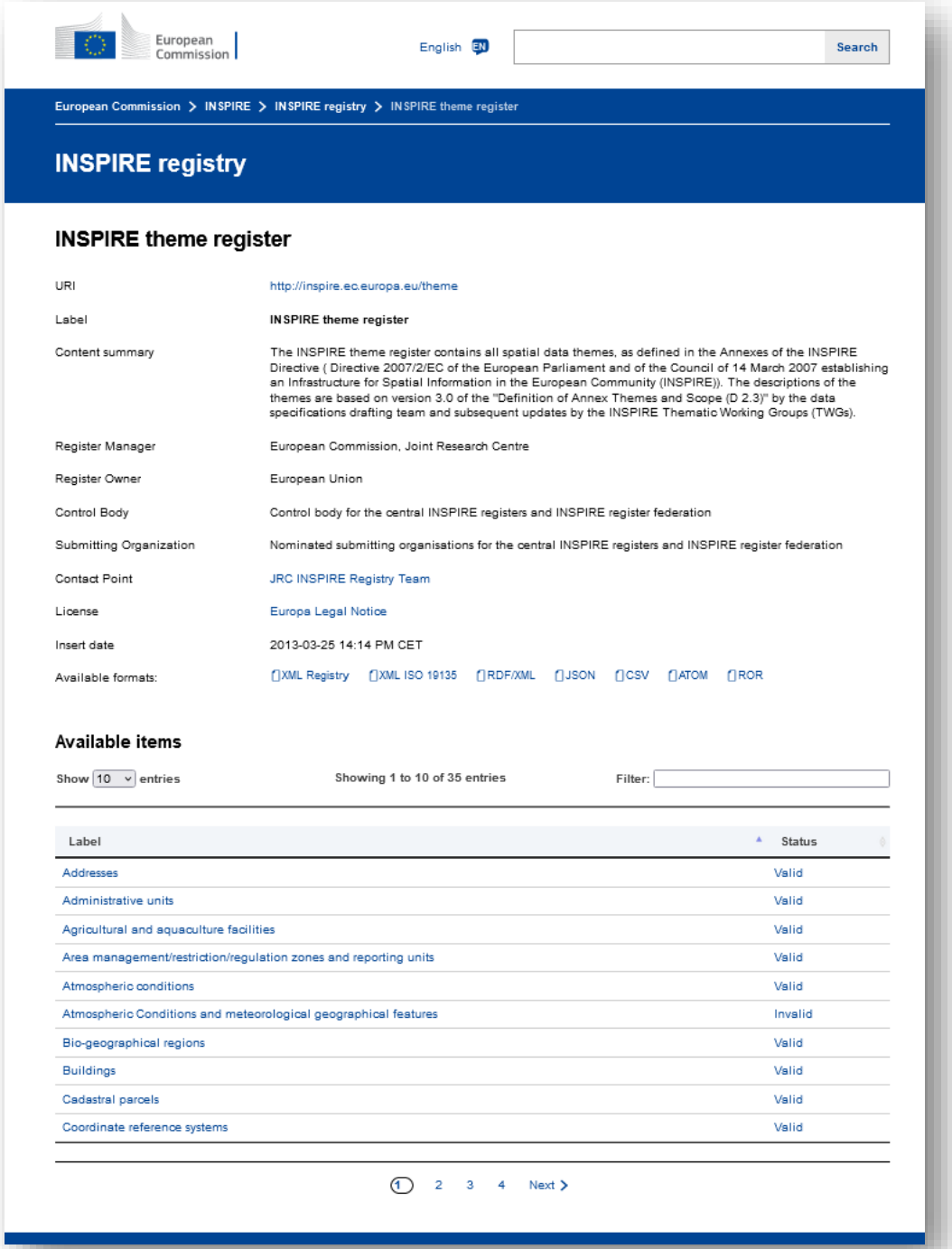
Other qualifiers (MUST, IS RECOMMENDED, MAY) and cardinalities (0..N, 1..N, 0..1, 1..1)

Codelist Example

Example

```
ns:codelist1 a skos:ConceptScheme.
ns:codelist1 skos:prefLabel “Example Codelist1”@en.


codelist1:x2 a skos:Concept.
codelist1:x2 skos:prefLabel “Code x2”@en.
codelist1:x2 skos:inScheme ns:codelist1.
codelist1:x2 skos:topConceptOf ns:codelist1.
```



Codelist Qualifier

Example

The property **MUST** use as range values codes from EU vocabularies Data theme.

Example 1

```
_:d dcat:theme nal:AGRI.
```

Example 2

```
_:d dcat:theme inspire:au.
```

Example 3

```
_:d dcat:theme nal:AGRI.
_:d dcat:theme inspire:au.
```

Codelist Qualifier

Example

The property **MAY** use as range values codes from EU vocabularies Data theme.

Example 1

```
_:d dcat:theme nal:AGRI.
```

Example 2

```
_:d dcat:theme inspire:au.
```

Example 3

```
_:d dcat:theme nal:AGRI.
_:d dcat:theme inspire:au.
```

Codelist Qualifier: possible outcome

Example

The property **MUST** use as range values codes from EU vocabularies Data theme.

Example 1

```
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```

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```
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```

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```

Codelist Qualifier: possible outcome

Example

The property **MAY** use as range values codes from EU vocabularies Data theme.

Example 1

```
_:d dcat:theme nal:AGRI.
```

Example 2

```
_:d dcat:theme inspire:au.
```

Example 3

```
_:d dcat:theme nal:AGRI.
_:d dcat:theme inspire:au.
```

SHACL shapes: as-is

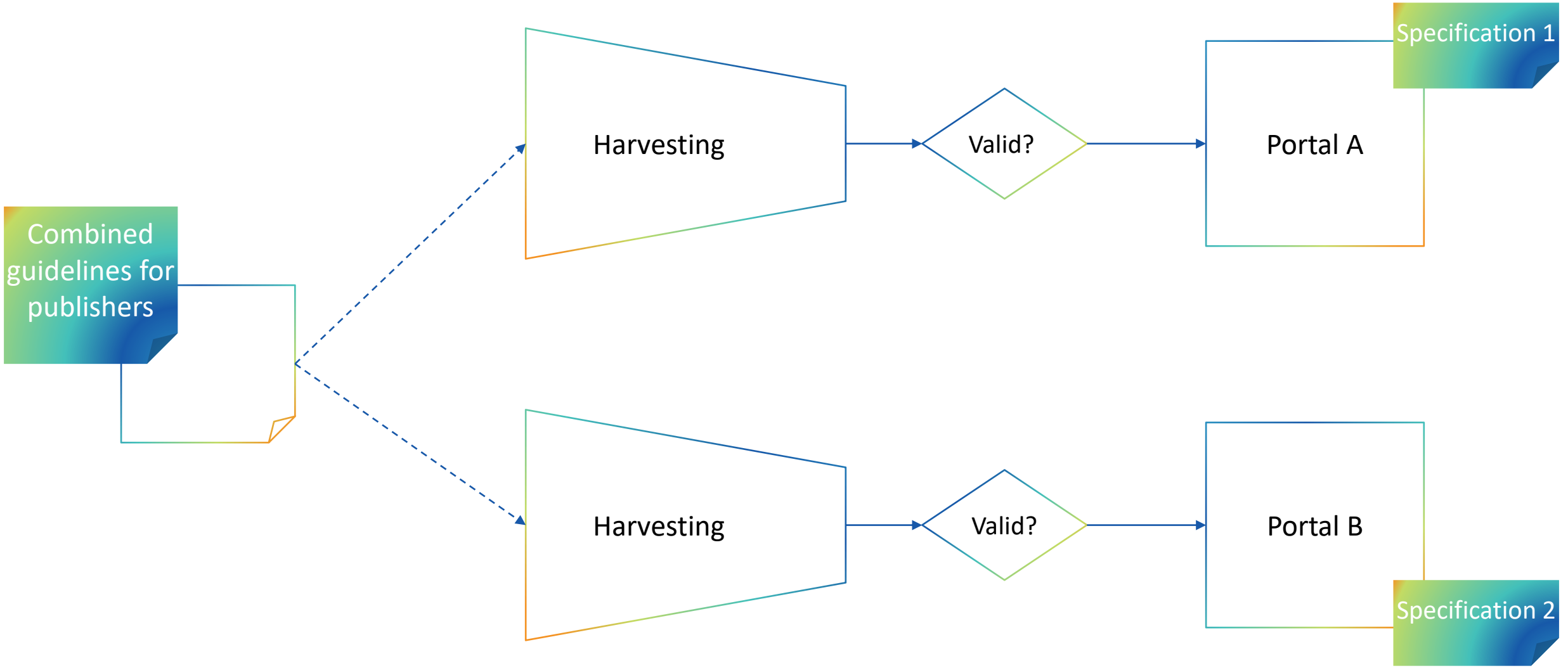
```
:Codelist1Restriction
    a sh:NodeShape ;
    rdfs:comment “Codelist1 restriction" ;
    sh:property [
        sh:hasValue ns:codelist1;
        sh:minCount 1 ;
        sh:nodeKind sh:IRI ;
        sh:path skos:inScheme
    ] .
```

```
:PropertyShape
    a sh:NodeShape ;
    sh:property [
        sh:node :CodelistRestriction ;
        sh:nodeKind sh:IRI ;
        sh:path dct:subject ;
        sh:severity sh:Violation
    ] ;
    sh:targetClass dcat:Dataset.
```

In case of MANDATORY the severity is a ‘**Violation’**,

in all other cases the severity is a ‘**Warning’**.

Multiple systems

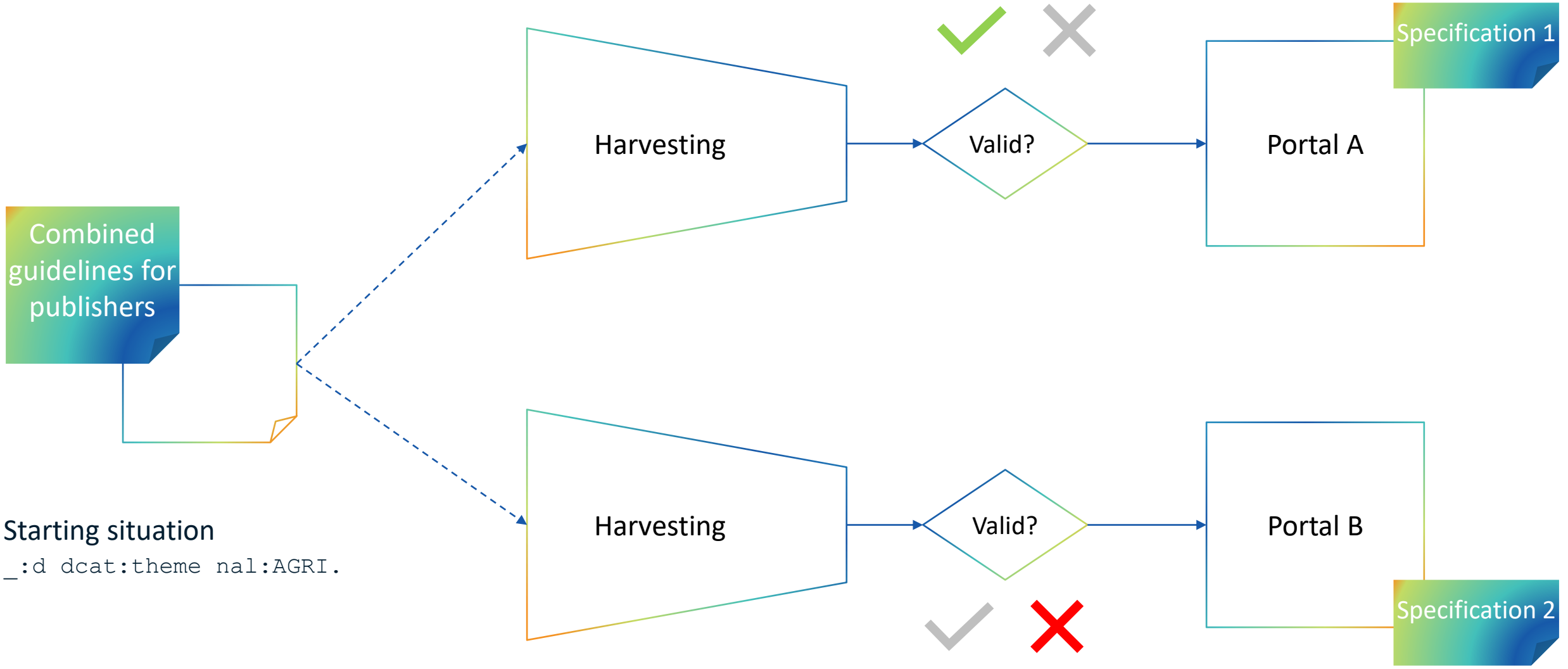


Example scenario

- Publisher publishes **successfully** for System 1.

- Publisher gets request to publish on System 2.

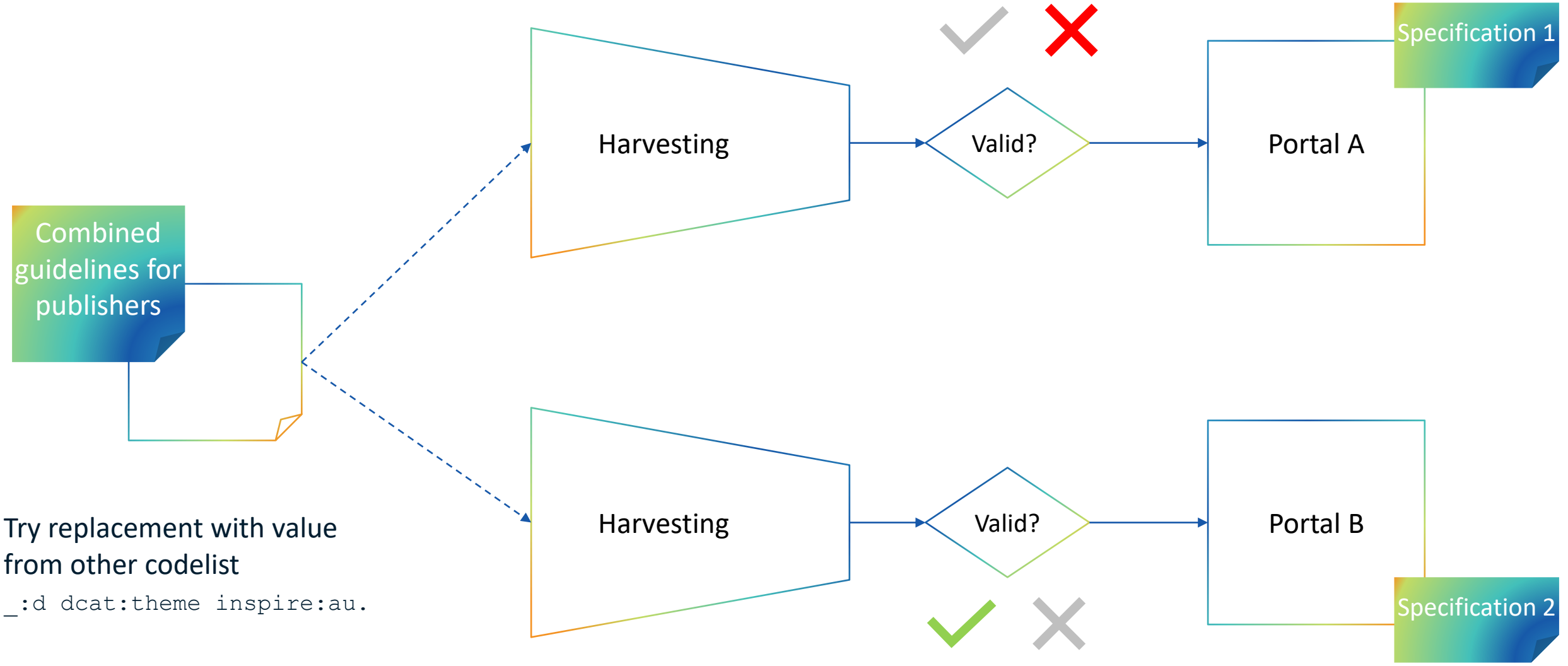
Multiple systems



Starting situation

```
_:d dcat:theme nal:AGRI.
```

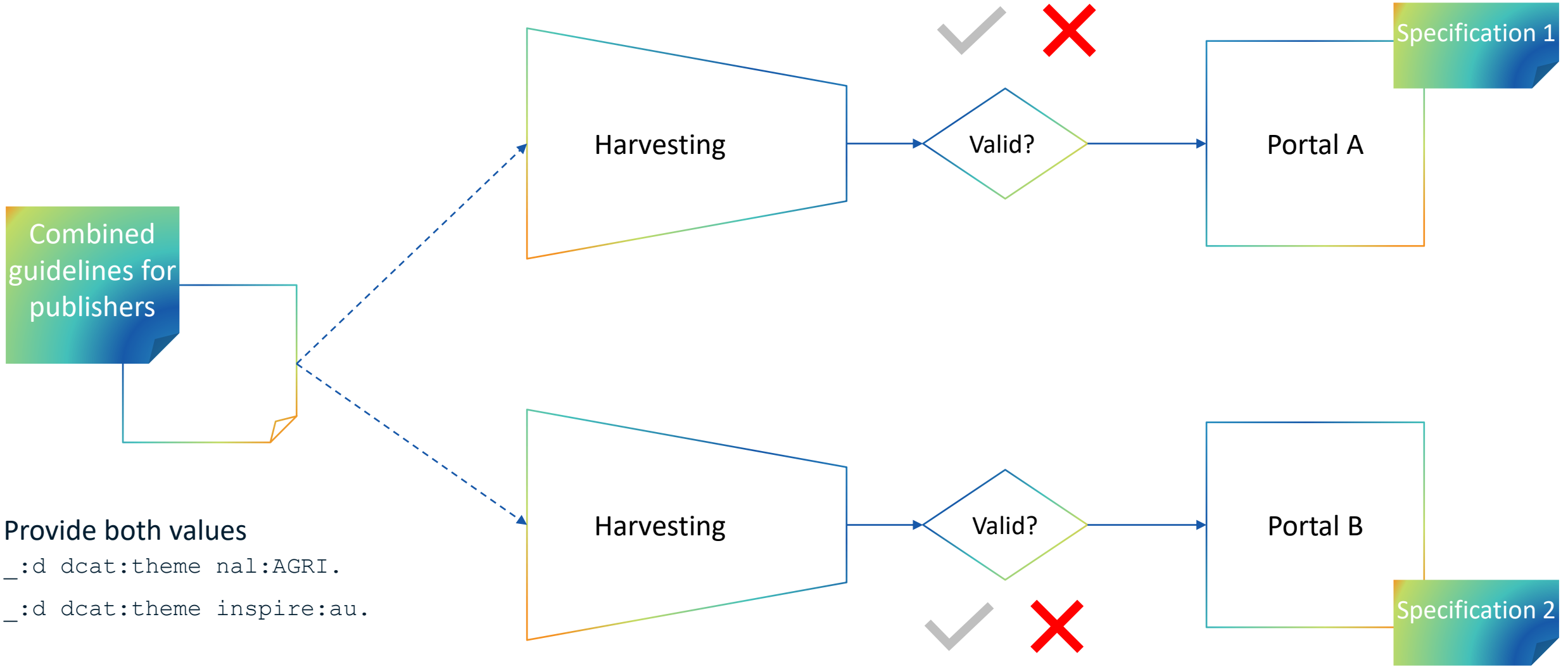
Multiple systems



Try replacement with value from other codelist

```
_:d dcat:theme inspire:au.
```

Multiple systems



Provide both values

```
_:d dcat:theme nal:AGRI.
_:d dcat:theme inspire:au.
```

Typical scenario

- Publisher publishes **successfully** for System 1.

- Publisher gets request to publish on System 2.
- Publisher tries with existing data on System 2 but **fails.**

- Publisher add extra value to satisfy System 2 but the publishing on **both** Systems **fails**.

→ The codelist restriction is *not additive*.

Two interpretations for mandatory codelist

Interpretation 1: The value space is closed under the codelist.

Interpretation 2: At least 1 value from the codelist.

Interpretation 1

- Cardinality and value space constraints are independent.
- Restricts the freedom of compatible (sub)profiles to reenforcing the cardinalities or further restricting the possible codelist values (e.g. to a single value).

Interpretation 2

- Cardinality and value space constraint are made dependent.
- Compatible (sub)profiles may freely add other codelist constraints.
- Cannot be used in case the property is optional (cardinality 0 means optional).

Application assessment

- Interpretation 1:
  - Conformant to the way literal value spaces are expressed.
  - Most naturally for programming languages and most software systems.

- Interpretation 2:
  - Of interest in cases where there is a need for aggregation (at the level of properties) in the specification.

Validation assessment

- Interpretation 1:
  - **Existing** SHACL shapes **can** be used as-is:
    - Validation is simple and direct.
  - As it is closing the value space, violations drive the feedback.

- Interpretation 2:
  - **Existing** SHACL shapes **cannot** be used as-is:
    - requires to define a **filtering** process as inherent part of the processing and conformance building Such filtering process is non-trivial to standardise and imposed in all implementations.
  - As it is not closing the value space, poor usages will be harder to detect.
  - Matching SHACL shapes can be designed.

Cross-profile assessment

- Interpretation 1 is more strict than Interpretation 2.
  - e.g.: When profiles DCAT-AP use Interpretation 2 and GeoDCAT-AP uses Interpretation 1 then the usage in DCAT)AP is also Interpretation 1.

- As datasets are subject to multiple profiles, profiles influence each other.
  - e.g.: mobilityDCAT-AP and healthDCAT-AP are siblings, but may influence eachother because there are datasets that are expressed under both profiles.

- note that this kind of influence is not limited to codelist constraints but also for other constraints such as max-cardinality constraints

- Conclusion: **coordination is required.**

Proposal: make the interpretation explicit

*A) The property **MUST** use as range values codes from {codelist}*

= interpretation 1: The value space is closed under the codelist **(validation results: violations)**

All (sub)profiles must avoid conflicts by creating subproperties.

B) *The property **MUST** have at least one value from {codelist}*

= interpretation 2: The value space is minimally constrained **(validation results: warnings)**

All (sub)profiles must adopt this interpretation in case they want to restrict the value space.

C) *The property **IS RECOMMENDED** to use as range values codes from {codelist}*

= interpretation 1: The value space is closed under the codelist, but other values are tolerated **(validation results: warnings)**

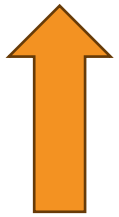
D) *The property **MAY** use as range values codes from {codelist}*

= interpretation 1: The value space is closed under the codelist, but other values are accepted **(no validation required)**

XSLT and tooling

XSLT – topicCategory subproperty

```
<!- GeoDCAT-AP 2.0.0 output -->
<rdf:Description>
    <dct:subject rdf:resource="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/metadata-codelist/TopicCategory/Environment"/>
</rdf:Description>
```



```
        <!- INSPIRE MD input from www.nationaalgeoregister.nl -->
        <gmd:topicCategory>
          <gmd:MD_TopicCategoryCode>Environment</gmd:MD_TopicCategoryCode>
        </gmd:topicCategory>
```

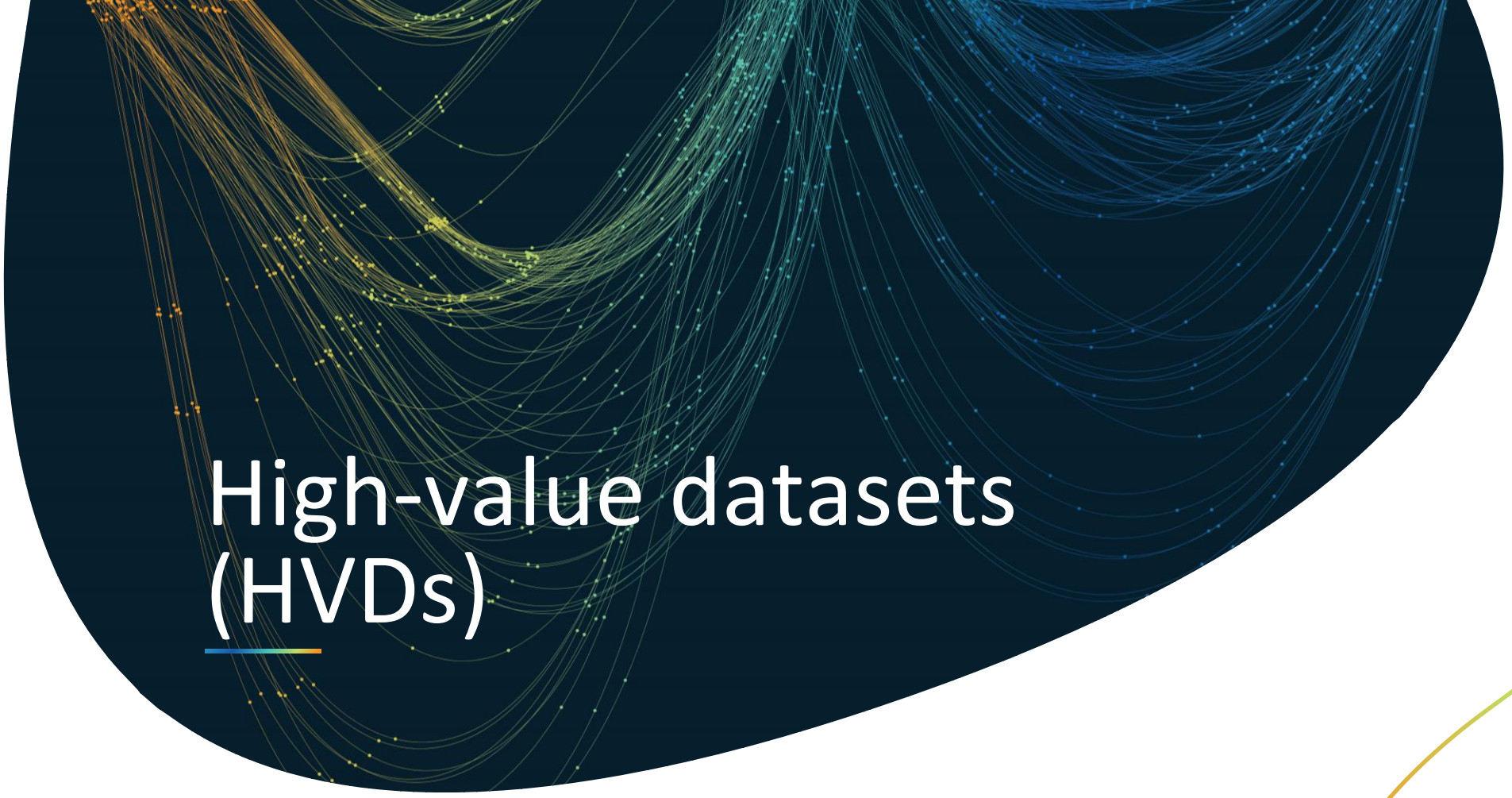
```
<!- GeoDCAT-AP 3.0.0 output -->
<rdf:Description>
    <geodcatap:topicCategory rdf:resource="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/metadata-codelist/TopicCategory/Environment"/>
</rdf:Description>
```

XSLT – referenceSystem subproperty

```
<!- INSPIRE MD input from www.nationaalgeoregister.nl -->
<gmd:referenceSystemInfo>
  <gmd:MD_ReferenceSystem>
    <gmd:referenceSystemIdentifier>
      <gmd:RS_Identifier>
        <gmd:code>
          <gco:CharacterString xmlns:gco="http://www.isotc211.org/2005/gco">5709</gco:CharacterString>
        </gmd:code>
        <gmd:codeSpace>
          <gco:CharacterString xmlns:gco="http://www.isotc211.org/2005/gco">EPSG</gco:CharacterString>
        </gmd:codeSpace>
      </gmd:RS_Identifier>
    </gmd:referenceSystemIdentifier>
  </gmd:MD_ReferenceSystem>
</gmd:referenceSystemInfo>
```

```
<!- GeoDCAT-AP 2.0.0 output -->
<dct:conformsTo>
    <rdf:Description rdf:about="http://www.opengis.net/def/crs/EPSG/0/5709">
        <rdf:type rdf:resource="http://purl.org/dc/terms/Standard"/>
        <rdf:type rdf:resource="http://www.w3.org/2004/02/skos/core#Concept"/>
        <dct:type rdf:resource="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/glossary/SpatialReferenceSystem"/>
        <dct:identifier
rdf:datatype="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#anyURI">urn:ogc:def:crs:EPSG::5709</dct:identifier>
        <skos:notation
rdf:datatype="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#anyURI">urn:ogc:def:crs:EPSG::5709</skos:notation>
        <skos:inScheme>
            <skos:ConceptScheme rdf:about="http://www.opengis.net/def/crs/EPSG/0">
                <dct:title xml:lang="en">EPSG Coordinate Reference Systems</dct:title>
            </skos:ConceptScheme>
        </skos:inScheme>
    </rdf:Description>
</dct:conformsTo>
```

```
<!- GeoDCAT-AP 3.0.0 output -->
<geodcatap:referenceSystem>
    <rdf:Description rdf:about="http://www.opengis.net/def/crs/EPSG/0/5709">
        <rdf:type rdf:resource="http://purl.org/dc/terms/Standard"/>
        <rdf:type rdf:resource="http://www.w3.org/2004/02/skos/core#Concept"/>
        <dct:type rdf:resource="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/glossary/SpatialReferenceSystem"/>
        <dct:identifier rdf:datatype="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#anyURI">urn:ogc:def:crs:EPSG::5709</dct:identifier>
        <skos:notation rdf:datatype="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#anyURI">urn:ogc:def:crs:EPSG::5709</skos:notation>
        <skos:inScheme>
            <skos:ConceptScheme rdf:about="http://www.opengis.net/def/crs/EPSG/0">
                <dct:title xml:lang="en">EPSG Coordinate Reference Systems</dct:title>
            </skos:ConceptScheme>
        </skos:inScheme>
    </rdf:Description>
</geodcatap:referenceSystem>
```



High-value datasets (HVDs)

HVD and GeoDCAT-AP

1. June 4th - Webinar on HVD reporting by DG CNECT
2. April 25th meeting of Action 2.5 subgroup
   - Outcome – 2 options of identifying HVDs
     1. Either adapt INSPIRE metadata to indicate HVDs, or
     2. Automatically map every dataset from the INSPIRE themes mentioned in HVD IR based on mapping to HVD Categories
   - Unclear what to do in XSLT - SEMIC is awaiting resolution from the subgroup
     - Poll to be held on Friday, May 17th

HVD and GeoDCAT-AP – HVD categories

3. HVD categories NAL to be finer-grained
   - not only the 6 categories
   - June 2024 release of EU Vocabularies

2. EARTH OBSERVATION AND ENVIRONMENT

2.1. Datasets in scope

The earth observation and environmental category includes earth observa
defined in Annexes I-III to Directive 2007/2/EC, and datasets produced o
available up to the scale of 1:5 000 covering the entire Member State whe

Furthermore, consistent with and without affecting the relevant access r
Parliament and of the Council ([14]), and the environmental information list

Hydrography (I)
Protected sites (I)
Elevation (II)
Geology (II)
Land cover (II)
Orthoimagery (II)
Area management / restriction / regulation zones & reporting units (III)
Bio-geographical regions (III)
Energy Resources (III)
Environmental monitoring Facilities (III)
Habitats and biotopes (III)
Land Use (III)
Mineral Resources (III)
Natural risk zones (III)
Oceanographic geographical features (III)
Production and industrial facilities (III)
Sea regions (III)
Soil (III)
Species distribution (III)

ANNEX

1. GEOSPATIAL

1.1. Datasets in scope

The geospatial thematic category includes datasets within the scope of the INSPIRE data themes Administrative units, Geographical names, Addresses, Buildings and Cadastral parcels as defined in Annex I and Annex III to Directive 2007/2/EC of t
Council ([1]). In addition, it includes Reference parcels and Agricultural parcels as defined in Regulation (EU) No 1306/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ([2]) and of Regulation (EU) No 1307/2013 of the European Parliament and
delegated and implementing acts ([4]). Their granularity, geographical coverage and the key attributes are listed in the table below. If datasets are not available at the scale indicated in the table below, but are available at higher spatial resolution(s) ([5]), the
spatial resolution.

Datasets	Administrative units	Geographical names	Addresses	Buildings	Cadastral parcels	Reference parcels
Granularity	All levels of generalisation available with a granularity up to the scale of 1:5 000 . From municipalities to countries; maritime units.	N/A	N/A	All levels of generalisation available with a granularity up to the scale of 1:5 000 .	All levels of generalisation available with a granularity up to the scale of 1:5 000 .	A level of accuracy that is at least equivalent to that of cartography at a scale of 1:10 000 and, as from 2016, at a scale of 1:5 000 , as referred to in Article 70(1) of Regulation (EU) 1306/2013.

HVD and GeoDCAT-AP – XSLT and its limitations

ISO 19139 to GeoDCAT-AP XSLT will be revised, but **it will not be enough to cover HVD needs**

4. HVD requirement: Usage of / Mapping to Licence NAL
   - e.g. `http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/licence/CC_BY_4_0`
   - However, usage of licenses in INSPIRE is inconsistent, e.g. in NL:

```
<gmd:resourceConstraints>
    <gmd:MD_LegalConstraints>
        <gmd:accessConstraints>
            <gmd:MD_RestrictionCode
codeList="http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/codeL
ist.xml#MD_RestrictionCode"
codeListValue="otherRestrictions"/>
        </gmd:accessConstraints>
        <gmd:otherConstraints>
            <gco:CharacterString>Geen
beperkingen</gco:CharacterString>
        </gmd:otherConstraints>
        <gmd:otherConstraints>
            <gco:CharacterString>http://creativecommon
s.org/publicdomain/mark/1.0/deed.nl</gco:CharacterStri
ng>
        </gmd:otherConstraints>
    </gmd:MD_LegalConstraints>
</gmd:resourceConstraints>
```

XSLT

```
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix dcat: <http://www.w3.org/ns/dcat#> .
@prefix dcterms: <http://purl.org/dc/terms/> .
@prefix geodcatap: <http://data.europa.eu/930/> .

[] a dcat:DataService ;
    geodcatap:resourceType <http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/metadata-codelist/ResourceType/service> ;
    dcterms:accessRights [
        a dcterms:RightsStatement ;
        dcterms:description "http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/mark/1.0/deed.nl"@nl ;
    ] .
```

1. Not recognized as Licence IRI
2. Unknown relation to CC0 in the EU NAL

HVD and GeoDCAT-AP – XSLT and its limitations

ISO 19139 to GeoDCAT-AP XSLT will be revised, but **it will not be enough to cover HVD needs**

5. Identifiers
   - Need to provide context
   - e.g. https://www.nationaalgeoregister.nl/geonetwork/srv/api/records/229a081d-5c6b-4181-8410-6f07d9b55437 instead of just the uuid
   - Make them **Persistent**

```
<gmd:fileIdentifier>
    <gco:CharacterString>229a081d-5c6b-4181-8410-6f07d9b55437</gco:CharacterString>
</gmd:fileIdentifier>
```


```
@prefix dcat: <http://www.w3.org/ns/dcat#> .
@prefix dcterms: <http://purl.org/dc/terms/> .
@prefix geodcatap: <http://data.europa.eu/930/> .

[] a dcat:DataService ;
    geodcatap:resourceType <http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/metadata-codelist/ResourceType/service> ;
    dcterms:identifier "229a081d-5c6b-4181-8410-6f07d9b55437" .
```

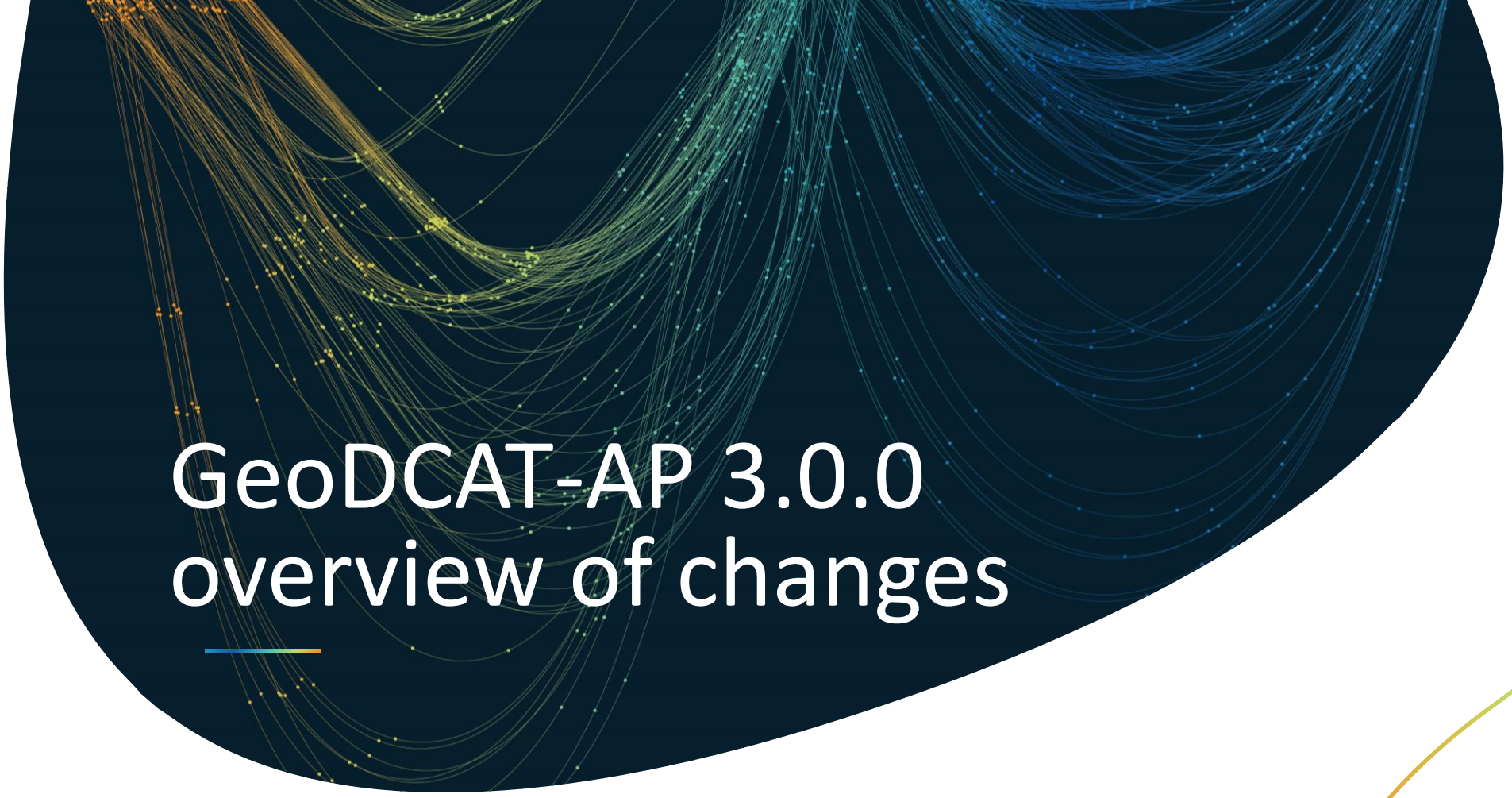
HVD and GeoDCAT-AP – XSLT and its limitations

ISO 19139 to GeoDCAT-AP XSLT will be revised, but **it will not be enough to cover HVD needs**

6. Data Service – simplified INSPIRE metadata no longer provides data services independently
    - Indistinguishable from other distributions
    - Metadata accessible only by dereferencing the endpoint URL – XSLT does not do this
    - XSLT needs to be individually adapted here as well for HVD, where APIs are prominent
    - For HVD reporting, the output would have to be manually enhanced

XSLT summary

- **XSLT can be found and discussed on GitHub.**
  https://github.com/SEMICeu/iso-19139-to-dcat-ap, dev branch
- **XSLT is being updated to GeoDCAT-AP 3.0.0**
- **XSLT is limited in context of HVD reporting – needs to be adjusted by each publisher, e.g. for Licenses, Identifiers, DataServices**



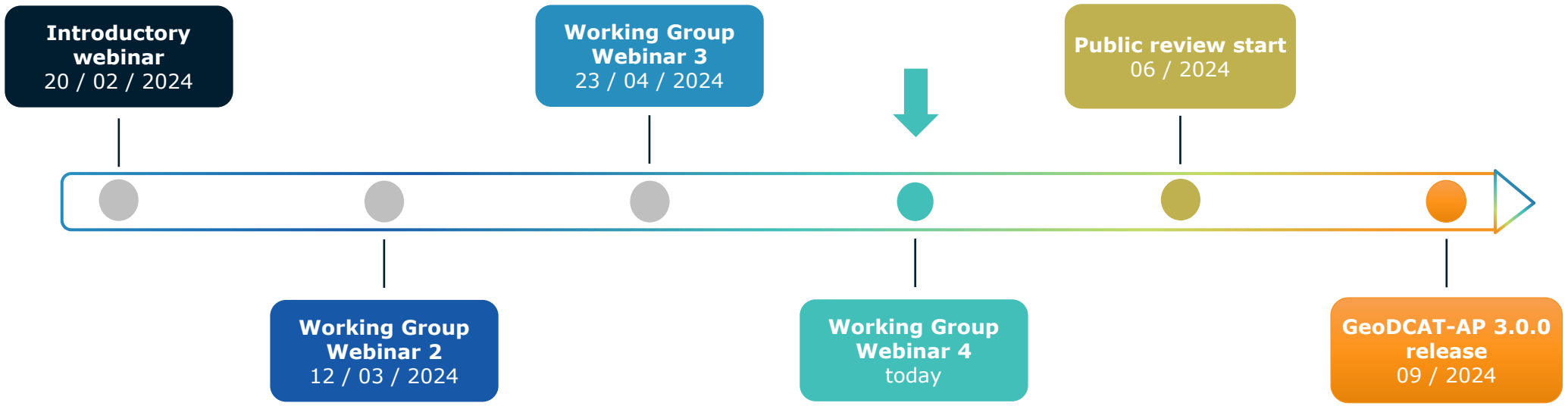
GeoDCAT-AP 3.0.0 overview of changes

High-level overview of changes in GeoDCAT-AP 3.0.0

1. New subproperties
   - `dcterms:conformsTo`
     - `geodcatap:serviceProtocol`
     - `geodcatap:referenceSystem`
   - `dct:subject`
     - `geodcatap:topicCategory`
   - `dct:type`
     - `geodcatap:serviceType`
     - `geodcatap:resourceType`
     - `geodcatap:serviceCategory`
2. Introduction of DatasetSeries
   - Contains all properties of Dataset
     - Unclear what some of them mean for DatasetSeries
3. Clarification of usage notes, cardinalities
4. License/Rights mappings, label mappings
5. If DCAT-AP 3.0 already implemented, only minor effort required

Next steps

GeoDCAT-AP Timeline



Next steps

- **Please provide your additional feedback on GitHub.**
  https://github.com/SEMICeu/GeoDCAT-AP/issues

- **A new editor's draft will be created at**
  https://semiceu.github.io/GeoDCAT-AP/drafts/latest/

- **XSLT can be found and discussed on GitHub.**
  https://github.com/SEMICeu/iso-19139-to-dcat-ap, dev branch


Thank you

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DIGIT-INTEROPERABILITY@ec.europa.eu

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/interoperable-europe/interoperable-europe