





SHARING & REUSE CONFERENCE 2017

Solving the European IT puzzle together

29 March 2017 – Lisbon, Portugal





Technology Transfer Centre, the reuse of public sector solutions in the Spanish administrative context

MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND PUBLIC FUNCTION

General Secretariat for Digital Administration http://administracionelectronica.gob.es/ctt

http://github.com/ctt-gob-es

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Twitter: @obsae



General Situation





> 13 Departments

Autonomous Communities (Regional Jevel)



- > 17 Autonomous
 Communities (Regions)
- 2 Autonomous cities

Local Entities



- > 8.116 municipalities
- > 41 County councils

Illes Balears

> 10 Chapters and Councils (islands)

Is sharing and reuse needed?

> 138 Autonomous Agencies





Some competencies are specific of each authority others are shared.







Requirements for reuse



- * Public Administrations (P.A.) should share their own applications when they are asked for them.
- * These applications can be declared open source.
 - Any open source license is possible
 - Specially recommended EUPL



- * The State provides core digital services for all P.A. whose reuse (or interoperable interconnection) is in some cases compulsory.
- * P.A. should keep directories of reusable solutions.
- * The State directory, the technology transfer centre, provides access to all of them.
- * Before doing something new, P.A. should check if there is something similar in the CTT.









What is the CTT?



- * The Technology Transfer Centre CTT publishes a general directory of reusable IT solutions interesting in the area of e-government.
- * Its objective is to boost the provision of interoperable egovernment services.
- * CTT Forge (integrated in GITHUB) allows the collaborative development of public sector applications









What is a solution in the CTT?



- * The concept of reusable "solution" may refer to:
 - **ICT Developments** implemented by a public administration whose source code and related information is offered to other administrations.
 - **Common services:** available to any public body or administration with the aim to simplify e-government implementation of new services and foster interoperability.
 - Semantic Assets: defined data models, interfaces and code lists.
 - Recommendations, policies, methodologies, legislation, agreements linked to e-Government and interoperability.
- * A solution is a group of descriptive information pages, downloadable documents and files, news, related links, other related solutions, etc.









How do you build a CTT?



1 - Consider the legal provisions

- * The Spanish Law 11/2007 Citizens Electronic Access to Public Services included the first requirements for reuse in public administrations (articles 45 and 46)
- ★ This requirements were extended by Royal Decree 4/2010 Regulating the National Interoperability Framework (articles 16 and 17)
- * The new law 40/2015, **legal framework of public sector**, updates these requirements (articles 157 and 158). It entered into force the 2nd October 2016



http://www.boe.es/legislacion/codigo s/codigo.php?id=029_Codigo_de_Ad ministracion_Electronica







How do you build a CTT?



2 - Build coordination mechanisms

State

- Commission for the ICT Strategy
- Standing Commission for the TIC Strategy
- ICT Steering Committee
- Department Commissions
- Technical Working Groups

Universities

State + Regional + Local

- Sector Conference for Public Administrations
- Sectorial Committee for egovernment
- Technical Working Groups



More than 300 experts with different professional profiles (managers, ICT, legal, archives, etc.)







How do you build a CTT?



3 - Populate the repository

- * All Public Administrations can be providers
- Each solution, should be autonomous and independent
- * Build relationships between each solution
- For each solution, provide as many public contents and information as possible
- * Provide guidance for this process
 - Guide for the publication and licensing of assets (1)



- CTT is federated with regional repositories.
- CTT is federated with joinup















(1) http://administracionelectronica.gob.es/PAe/NTinteroperabilidad#REUTILIZACIONYTRANSFERENCIA







Conclusions of our experience



Reuse as a service?

Reuse as a product?





- * Each solution should offer both models:
 - Product for organisms that need independency or personalization
 - Product for bigger organisms to provide service for many smaller entities (such us county councils or regions for small local entities)
 - Service for core e-government building blocks
 - Service specially for smaller organism







Conclusions



- * The CTT provides the **repository for reusable solutions** for all the Spanish public administrations.
 - Nearly 350 reusable solutions and federates more than 250 additional solutions.



- * The CTT is for every public administration. They can:
 - **Benefit** from the existing solutions.
 - Collaborate and contribute to their maintenance.
 - **Provide** new reusable solutions.











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