

# EU policies for public administration



Leuven, 12. December 2019
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H4 – e-Government and Trust



# Why digital government?

digital public services reduce administrative burden on businesses and citizens by making their interactions with public administrations faster and efficient, more convenient and transparent, and less costly

seamless cross-border and digital public services contribute to competitiveness and make the EU a more attractive place to invest and live in

public administrations and public institutions in the EU be open, efficient and inclusive, providing borderless, personalised, user-friendly, end-to-end digital public services to all citizens and businesses in the EU



# But also ...

Participatory culture: skilled and equipped public administration and allocation of resources to include citizens in decision-making

**Political trust:** new participatory governance mechanisms to raise citizens' trust

Public-Private relationship: better synergies between public and private sectors, collaboration with young social entrepreneurs to face forthcoming challenges



**Regulation:** regulation on technology should follow **discussion** on **values** with full observance of fundamental rights

**Public services:** modular and adaptable public services, support Member States in ensuring equal access to technology

Big data and artificial intelligence: ensure ethical use of technology, focus on technologies' public value, explore ways to use technology for more efficient policy-making



**Education and literacy:** increase digital data literacy, critical thinking and **education reforms** in accordance to the needs of job markets

Redesign and new skills for public administration: constant re-evaluation of public servants' skills, foresight development, modernisation of recruitment processes, more agile forms of working.





"By 2020, public administrations and public institutions in the EU should be open, efficient, inclusive, providing borderless, personalised, user-friendly, end-to-end digital public services to all citizens and businesses in the EU"

- 21 actions completed out of 25
- 4 actions on track
- Check out the action dashboard on eGovernment4EU Futurium for more information

https://ec.europa.eu/futurium/en/egovernment4eu/actions





# **Underlying principles**



# eGovernment Action Plan 2016-2020

01 Digital by default

02 Once-only principle

03 Inclusiveness and accessibility

O4 Openness & transparency

Cross-border by default

06 Interoperability by default'

07 Trustworthiness & security

## **Tallinn Declaration**





# Tallinn Declaration on eGovernment Annex: User-centricity principles for design and delivery of digital public services

...We commit that the design and delivery of our services will be guided by the following principles of user-centricity...

- Digital Interaction
- Accessibility, security, availability and usability
- Reduction of the administrative burden
- Digital delivery of public services
- Citizen engagement
- Incentives for digital service use
- Protection of personal data and privacy
- Redress and complaint mechanisms



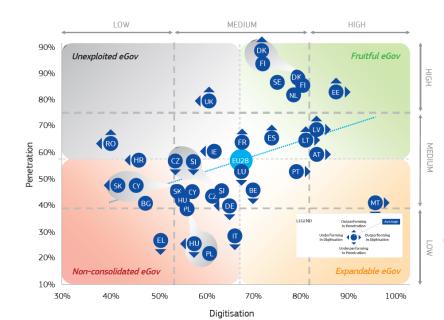
# **eGovernment Benchmark Report**

## What is the situation Commission today?

European

## 2019 eGovernment Benchmark Report:

- Since 2016 the **gap** between Member States on eGovernment has been consistently reducing
- The report also highlights how trust in **government** is increasingly important for people.
- **Cross-border mobility** is the lowest scoring indicator (53%)
- Stronger focus on **security** is needed few public website passed the security test



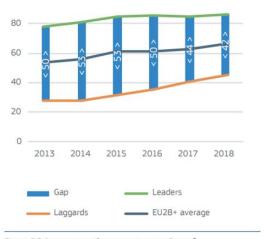


Figure 3.2 Progress on eGovernment across Europe<sup>3</sup>



# The eIDAS Regulation

Electronic identification (eID) and trust services are defined under the Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 (known as"eIDAS Regulation").

Within the scope of the Regulation, trust services refer to:

Electronic signature; Electronic seal; Electronic time stamp; Electronic registered delivery service (ERDS);

Website authentication certificates.





# **62% of the EU population** already covered by crossborder eID schemes

# Crossing borders with Electronic ID



eID schemes		
Country		Publication
Germany		Sept 2017
Italy	П	Sept 2018 Sept 2019
Spain	<b>®</b>	Nov 2018
Luxembourg		Nov 2018
Estonia		Nov 2018
Croatia	- W	Nov 2018
Belgium		Dec 2018
Portugal	<b>(</b>	Feb 2019
United Kingdom		May 2019
Czech Republic		Sep 2019
Netherlands		Sep 2019
Slovakia	*	To be published
Latvia		To be published

National
eID can be
used in all
EU
Member
States 12
months
after the
date of
publication
at EU level.





# **The Once Only Principle**

Is the central policy driving the delivery of cross-border digital public services in the EU.



The OOP is central to achieving the vision laid out in:









# How to operationalise the OOP at the EU Level?



#### **Horizon 2020**

Is funding TOOP, a large scale pilot piloting a cross-border federated architecture, and the DE4A large scale pilot + Other project(s) to follow suit



#### **CEF Building Blocks**

The Connecting Europe Facility (CEF) building blocks have been identified as key enablers of the Once Only Principle in practice.



### **Better Regulations** Toolbox (SWD2017 350)

The digital economy and society & ICT issues offers a "Digital Check" that emphasizes the need for the implementation of OOP



#### **eIDAS** Regulation

The recognition of eIDs under eiDAS is also key for the cross border application of the "once only" principle, one of the main elements of the recently agreed Single Digital Gateway.



## **Digital Europe Programme**

The first ever digital Europe programme running from 2021-2027 will promote the application of the OOP.

The OOP Principle is driving actions on a number of levels towards reducing the administrative burden in the EU















## **eGovernment & Digital Public Services**

https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/public-servicesegovernment



#### eGovernment Action Plan 2016-2020

https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/news/communicationeu-egovernment-action-plan-2016-2020-accelerating-digitaltransformation

## **Tallinn Ministerial Declaration on eGovernment**

https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/news/ministerial-declaration-egovernment-tallinn-declaration



## Stakeholder engagement platform

https://ec.europa.eu/futurium/en/egovernment4eu



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