

### **Political Communications**

The Strategy of the Digital Transformation of Slovakia 2030 framed the governmental strategy defining national policies and particular priorities with regard to the ongoing digital transformation of the economy and society. The Strategy followed up on the priorities of the EU Digital Single Market.

### Governance

The Deputy Prime Minister's Office for Investments and Informatization of the Slovak Republic, which coordinates the informatisation of society, created a data office and a behavioural office in 2019 in order to strengthen initiatives such as a data driven government and eGovernment services.

## Digital Public Administration indicators

Percentage of individuals using the internet for

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				Slovakia	EU28 average
	Interacting with public authorities		+8%*	59%	55%
	Obtaining information	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	+1%*	47%	44%
	Downloading official forms		+1%*	25%	33%
	Sending filled forms		+2%*	18%	38%

# Legislation

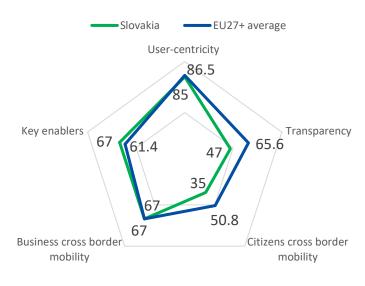
As of 1 May 2019, a new Act No. 95/2019 on Information Technologies in Public Sector entered into force replacing former Act 275/2006 on information systems in public administration. The new Act brought a systemic change into the management of IT in public sector.

### Infrastructure

Logging in by eIDAS on all specialised portals was launched in February 2019, offering the users multiple options, including the use of foreign eIDAS. Many services accept eID based on the eID schemes of multiple EU Member States. At the end of 2019, Slovakia notified the creation of its eID scheme.

#### eGovernment indicators

eGovernment performance across policy priorities



Source: Eurostat 2019 Source: eGovernment Benchmark report 2020

### State-of-Play of Interoperability



Source: European Interoperability Framework Monitoring Mechanism 2019

